



1<sup>st</sup> Term Assessment

Civic Education

Grade 11

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3 hours

Name.....

Class.....

- 
- For each question from no. 1 to 6 choose the correct or the most appropriate answer and write its number within the brackets given against it.
  - 1. A feature which is not a characteristic of a democratic government is  
(1) election of governments and rulers based on universal franchise.  
(2) a competitive political party system.  
(3) free and fair elections and accepted criteria in demarcating electoral districts.  
(4) only make citizens have the right to participate in governance. (.....)
  - 2. A Feature not present in a multi-cultural society  
(1) Different customs and manners.  
(2) Different languages and religions.  
(3) Different beliefs and traditions.  
(4) Citizens living according to one set of traditions. (.....)
  - 3. A requirement which modern states do not have to fulfill is  
(1) maintaining national unity.  
(2) giving more privileges to one race.  
(3) assurance of national security.  
(4) maintaining peace. (.....)
  - 4. A good quality that should be developed in individuals undertaking conflict resolution is  
(1) listening only to one party.  
(2) not respecting others opinions.  
(3) making decisions in impulsive situations.  
(4) performing ones duties while enjoying rights. (.....)
  - 5. 'Law is the decree of sovereignty' who expressed this idea ?  
(1) Aristotle.  
(2) H. R. Soltu.  
(3) Thomas Hobbes and John Austin.  
(4) Abraham Lincoln. (.....)
  - 6. The Ultimate wielder of power is  
(1) the people.  
(2) the President.  
(3) the Commander of the Army.  
(4) the Ministry of Defence. (.....)

- In each question from 33 to 40 choose the mismatch statement and write the number within the brackets provided against the question.

33. Features of democracy are

- (1) independence of the Judiciary.
- (2) media freedom and the right to information.
- (3) working according to the constitution.
- (4) only males over 30 years participating in administration. (.....)

34. Examples of the power and functions of the judiciary are

- (1) controlling the executive.
- (2) hearing cases.
- (3) protecting fundamental rights.
- (4) interpreting law. (.....)

35. Various forms of the market economy are

- (1) features of economic transformation.
- (2) planned socialist features.
- (3) capitalistic market features.
- (4) features of production markets. (.....)

36. Different ways of resolving conflicts are

- (1) mediation
- (2) intervention
- (3) suppression
- (4) discussion (.....)

37. Examples of instances when the civil law applies are

- (1) ownership of property, leasing, giving on rent, transactions regarding vesting.
- (2) affairs relating to the marriage of Muslims in Sri Lanka.
- (3) affairs regarding insane persons and underage persons and their properties.
- (4) deciding the validity of a last will. (.....)

38. The public utility services vested in the local authorities of Sri Lanka are

- (1) construction of toilets.
- (2) supply of electricity.
- (3) supply of water.
- (4) maintenance of public reading rooms. (.....)

39. Abuses against children are

- (1) the use of children to transport drugs.
- (2) employing as servants and harassment.
- (3) keeping children under probation.
- (4) Engaging children in begging and various domestic activities. (.....)

40. The traditional criterion of measuring development is

- (1) per capita gross national product.
- (2) human poverty index.
- (3) the rate of growth of the gross national product.
- (4) real gross national product.

(.....)

(40 Marks)

### Question 1

- i. Write T.B. Tyler's definition of culture.
- ii. Write the names of two people who have put forward definitions of democracy.
- iii. Write two advantages gained by a democratic country which acts according to the constitution.
- iv. Write two main functions of modern states.
- v. Write out section 'a' of the 4<sup>th</sup> clause of the constitution of Sri Lanka which deals with the exercise of sovereignty.
- vi. Write two powers and functions of a Chairman of a local government authority.
- vii. Write two examples to show that the location of Sri Lanka influenced the origin of a multi-cultural society.
- viii. Name two SAARC countries.
- ix. Write two international organisations connected with foreign trade.
- x. Write out how countries are categorized according to development.

(20 Marks)

### Question 2

Political Scientists have analyzed the concept of democracy as a system of government and as a system for social co-existence.

- (i) Write the two aspects of democracy.
- (ii) Name one of the aspects and write three of its characteristics.
- (iii) Explain the characteristics of a democratic government.

(10 Marks)

### Question 3

At present, according to the concept of globalization, countries of the world, instead of merely working individually influence international affairs through the formation of organisations.

- (i) Give two reasons why international relations should be developed.
- (ii) Name three international organizations.
- (iii) Write a short description of the World Health Organization.

(10 Marks)

### Question 4

Human activities influence the physical, biological and social environment in several ways.

- (i) Write two end results of the effects on the social environment due to human activities.
- (ii) Write three harmful effects on the soil due to human activities.
- (iii) Explain the responsibilities of the state and citizens regarding environmental conservation.

(10 Marks)

### Question 5

The mutual relationship between nations is known as international relations.

- (i) Explain the importance of maintaining international relations.
- (ii) Write three reasons which led to the development of international relations.
- (iii) Explain the type of international influence that can affect Sri Lanka.

(10 Marks)